

Amendments to the Specification:

Please amend the paragraph starting on page 3, line 12 of Applicants' originally filed specification as follows.

FIG. 1 shows a plan view of a label 3, which has been produced according to the invention. According to the invention, a metallic ink or conductive paste is transferred onto the printing material 2 within a sheet-fed or web-fed offset printing press via a waterless offset plate or a wet offset plate via the rubber blanket. The printed lines 4 form the antenna and optionally the entire tuned circuit; if required, the chip is later soldered or adhesively bonded onto it. The printing material 2 on which the constituent parts of the tuned circuit are printed can be a fibrous material (paper, nonwoven inter alia), a woven fabric made from natural and/or synthetic fibers, or a plastic film. FIG. 1 shows a plan view of a label 3, which has been produced according to the invention.

Please amend the paragraph starting on page 4, line 9 of Applicants' originally filed specification as follows.

[[A]] As shown in Fig. 2, a capacitor which is required for producing a tuned circuit can be produced by two lines 6, 8 being printed closely next to one another (FIG. 2), which. The two lines 6, 8 are connected to one another at the ends of the shorter line 8, by lines 10 and 12. As shown in Fig. 3, as an alternative, the a base line 14 can be printed first, then an insulating material 16 is printed over [[it]] base line 14 and, in a third printing unit, the a complementary line 18 is then printed (FIG. 3). The capacitor can also be integrated into the chip. Other circuit elements can also be printed, for example resistances by means of a reduction in the line thickness.

Amendments to the Drawings:

The attached replacement sheet includes amendments to Figs. 1, 2, and 3.

Replacement sheet 1/1 includes Figs. 1, 2, and 3 and replaces the sheet 1 that includes original Figs. 1, 2, and 3.

No new matter has been introduced.

Attachments: Replacement Sheet 1